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Notice

ACADAMIC YEAR 2026-27

SEM-III,

ASSIGNMENT /CASE STUDY/ PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

ROLL NO. 1- 30

I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define Administrative Law and discuss the historical reasons for its rapid growth in modern welfare states.
2. Explain the doctrine of Separation of Powers in practice under the Indian Constitution. How do courts determine the boundary between executive policy discretion and judicial review?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Rai Sahib Ram Jawaya Kapur v. State of Punjab*, AIR 1955 SC 549
2. *J.R. Raghupathy v. State of A.P.*, (1988) 4 SCC 364 | AIR 1988 SC 1681

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define "Immovable Property" under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. Distinguish between movable and immovable property, and discuss what kinds of property interests cannot be transferred under Section 6.
2. Can property be transferred directly to an unborn person? Discuss the law relating to transfers for the benefit of an unborn person (Section 13) read with the Rule Against Perpetuity (Section 14).

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Jumma Masjid, Mercara v. Kodimaniandra Deviah*, AIR 1962 SC 847 | [1962] Supp (2) SCR 554
2. *C. Beepathuma v. Velasari Shankaranarayana Kadambolithaya*, AIR 1965 SC 241 | [1964] 5



III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the evolution of the institution of the family and explain the different types of family structures based on lineage (patrilineal/matrilineal), authority structure (patriarchal/matriarchal), and location (patrilocal/matrilocal).
2. Write a critical note on emerging concepts of family in India, specifically analyzing "Maitri Sambandh" (live-in relationships) and the concept of the "divided home".

B] CASE LAWS

1. *State of Bombay v. Narasu Appa Mali*, AIR 1952 Bom 84 | ILR (1951) Bom 775
2. *Sarla Mudgal v. Union of India*, (1995) 3 SCC 638 | AIR 1995 SC 1531

IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What are the essential characteristics of a company under the Companies Act, 2013? Discuss the judicial doctrine of "Lifting of the Corporate Veil" and its recognized statutory and judicial exceptions.
2. Explain the step-by-step procedure for the formation and incorporation of a company under the Companies Act, 2013. Distinguish between the Memorandum of Association (MoA) and Articles of Association (AoA), highlighting the Doctrine of Constructive Notice and Indoor Management.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Salomon v. Salomon and Co. Ltd.*, [1897] AC 22 (HL)
2. *Life Insurance Corporation of India v. Escorts Ltd.*, (1986) 1 SCC 264 | AIR 1986 SC 1370

V] PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define the concept of "Access to Justice." How do Articles 14, 21, and 39A of the Constitution of India guarantee equal justice and free legal aid to the marginalized sections of society?
2. What are the primary aims and socio-legal objects of ensuring "Access to Justice" in a welfare state? Discuss the barriers to accessing formal judicial institutions in India.
3. Critically examine the recommendations of the *Report of the Expert Committee on Legal Aid* (1973—Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer Committee) and the *Judicare Committee Report* (1977—Justice P.N. Bhagwati Committee) in shaping the legal aid movement in India.
4. Discuss the statutory eligibility criteria under Section 12 of the *Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987* to receive free legal services. Can legal aid be withdrawn once granted?
5. Explain the constitutional obligation of the trial magistrate and the state to provide legal representation to an indigent accused at the state's expense, in light of landmark judicial precedents.

ROLL NO. 31- 60



I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the constitutional validity of Delegated Legislation in India with reference to the doctrine of "Essential Legislative Functions".
2. Critically evaluate the constitutional status of Administrative Tribunals in India. How does judicial review by High Courts over tribunals form part of the Basic Structure of the Constitution?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *In re Delhi Laws Act, 1912*, AIR 1951 SC 332
2. *L. Chandra Kumar v. Union of India*, (1997) 3 SCC 261 | AIR 1997 SC 1125

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Distinguish between "Vested Interest" (Section 19) and "Contingent Interest" (Section 21) with suitable illustrations. Explain the legal effect of a condition precedent and a condition subsequent in a transfer of property.
2. Explain the Doctrine of Election (Section 35) under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. Can restrictive covenants be enforced against a subsequent purchaser of land under general principles of property law?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Rambaran Prosad v. Ram Mohit Hazra*, AIR 1967 SC 744 | [1967] 1 SCR 293
2. *Bhaiya Ram Hargo Lal v. Mahavir Prasad*, AIR 1969 Punj 110

III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Examine the salient features, constitution, and powers of Family Courts under the Family Courts Act, 1984. How do these courts contribute to the administration of gender justice?
2. Briefly explain the impact of the Benami Transaction Act, 2016 and the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 on property and residential rights within the family.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *S.R. Batra v. Tarun Batra*, (2007) 3 SCC 169 | AIR 2007 SC 1118
2. *Indra Sarma v. V.K.V. Sarma*, (2013) 15 SCC 755 | AIR 2014 SC 309

IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is a Prospectus under the Companies Act, 2013? Explain the "Golden Rule" for framing a prospectus and discuss the civil and criminal liabilities for misstatements in a prospectus.
2. Critically examine the statement: "*A company limited by shares has no power to buy its own shares.*" What are the statutory exceptions, conditions, and restrictions for the Buy-Back of securities under the Companies Act, 2013?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *State Trading Corporation of India Ltd. v. Commercial Tax Officer*, AIR 1963 SC 1811 | (1964) 4 SCR 99
2. *Ashbury Railway Carriage and Iron Co. Ltd. v. Riche*, (1875) LR 7 HL 653

V] PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the constitution, statutory powers, and functions of the National Legal Services Authority (NALSA) under Section 3 and Section 4 of the *Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987*.
2. Explain the organisational structure, functions, and role of the State Legal Services Authority (SLSA) and District Legal Services Authority (DLSA) under the statutory framework.
3. What is the socio-legal significance and practical procedure for organising Legal Aid Camps and rural legal literacy programs by legal services institutions?
4. Critically evaluate Rule 52 of the Maharashtra Legal Aid and Advice Rules (Or corresponding State Legal Services Authority Rules) regarding the constitution, duties, and administration of legal aid committees at the grassroots level.
5. What are the statutory functions and responsibilities of the Taluka Legal Services Committee under Section 11B of the *Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987*?



I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is the Rule Against Bias (*nemo iudex in causa sua*)? Explain how the Supreme Court abolished the rigid distinction between administrative and quasi-judicial functions.
2. Explain why the duty to record reasoned/speaking decisions is considered an essential third pillar of natural justice.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *A.K. Kraipak v. Union of India*, (1969) 2 SCC 262 | AIR 1970 SC 150
2. *S.N. Mukherjee v. Union of India*, (1990) 4 SCC 594 | AIR 1990 SC 1984

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Who is an "Ostensible Owner" under Section 41? Discuss the essential conditions required for a valid transfer by an ostensible owner, and distinguish it from the doctrine of "Feeding the Grant by Estoppel" under Section 43.
2. What is the doctrine of *Lis Pendens* (Section 52), and what essential conditions must be fulfilled for its application? Explain the concept and essential ingredients of a "Fraudulent Transfer" under Section 53.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Raoji Appaji Kulkarni v. Badibi & Ors.*, (1971) 1 Mys LJ 6
2. *Shrimant Shamrao Suryavanshi v. Pralhad Bhairoba Suryavanshi*, (2002) 3 SCC 676 | AIR 2002 SC 960

III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define a Mitakshara Joint Hindu Family and distinguish it from a commercial Company. Distinguish between *Apratibandha Daya* (unobstructed heritage) and *Sapratibandha Daya* (obstructed heritage).
2. What is a Coparcenary? Distinguish between a Mitakshara Coparcenary and a Dayabhaga Coparcenary, and contrast the rights of a coparcener in Coparcenary Property versus Self-Acquired Property.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Venkayamma Garu v. Venkataramanayamma Bahadur Garu*, (1902) ILR 25 Mad 678 (PC) | (1902) 29 IA 156
2. *Muhammad Husain Khan v. Babu Kishva Nandan Sahai*, (1937) 39 BOMLR 979 | AIR 1937 PC 233

IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Distinguish between a Fixed Charge and a Floating Charge. Explain the concept of "Crystallization of Charge" and describe the statutory procedure for the creation, modification, and satisfaction of charges.
2. Discuss the statutory provisions relating to the convening and conduct of Annual General Meetings (AGM) and Extraordinary General Meetings (EGM). Explain the different modes of voting at general meetings (Show of Hands, Poll, E-Voting, and Postal Ballot).

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Royal British Bank v. Turquand*, (1856) 6 E&B 327 | 119 ER 886



V] PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define "Lok Adalat." What are the salient features and statutory composition of a Lok Adalat bench under Chapter VI of the *Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987*?
2. What is the legal status and binding nature of an award passed by a Lok Adalat under Section 21 of the Act? Can an appeal lie against a Lok Adalat award before an appellate court?
3. Explain the concept, operational procedure, and modern significance of E-Lok Adalat in resolving pending judicial backlogs through digital infrastructure.
4. Distinguish between a regular Lok Adalat and a Permanent Lok Adalat established under Chapter VI-A (Section 22B) of the Act for public utility services.
5. Discuss the mandatory pre-litigation conciliation and adjudication powers of a Permanent Lok Adalat when parties fail to reach a settlement.

ROLL NO. 91- 120

I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Examine the constitutional recognition of Audi Alteram Partem under Articles 14 and 21 of the Constitution.
2. What are the recognised exceptions to the principles of natural justice? Under what circumstances can a "pre-decisional hearing" be substituted by a "post-decisional hearing"?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India*, (1978) 1 SCC 248 | AIR 1978 SC 597
2. *Swadeshi Cotton Mills v. Union of India*, (1981) 1 SCC 664 | AIR 1981 SC 818

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. "The doctrine of Part Performance under Section 53A can operate only as a shield and not as a sword." Critically examine this statement, discussing the essential components and utility of the rule.
2. Define "Sale" under Section 54 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. Discuss the essential elements of a valid sale and explain how a Sale legally differs from a Contract for Sale (Agreement for Sale).

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Yashpal Lala Shiv Narain v. Allatala Tala Malik Waqf*, AIR 2006 All 115
2. *Suraj Lamp & Industries Pvt. Ltd. v. State of Haryana*, (2012) 1 SCC 656 | AIR 2012 SC 206

III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Who is a Karta? Discuss his position, powers, privileges, and obligations in a Joint Hindu Family. Write a short note on the doctrine of pious obligation and antecedent debt.
2. What constitutes a Partition under Mitakshara Law? Explain the various modes of effecting partition, the concept of partial partition, and whether a minor coparcener can enforce partition.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Sunil Kumar v. Ram Parkash*, (1988) 2 SCC 77 | AIR 1988 SC 576



IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What are the statutory rules governing the declaration and distribution of dividends under the Companies Act, 2013? Write a note on the Unpaid Dividend Account and the constitution of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).
2. How is a company auditor appointed and removed, and what are their statutory qualifications, disqualifications, rights, and duties? Briefly discuss the role and functions of the National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA).

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Sri Gopal Jalan and Co. v. Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd.*, AIR 1963 SC 1474 | (1964) 3 SCR 698
2. *Naresh Chandra Sanyal v. Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd.*, (1971) 1 SCC 50 | AIR 1971 SC 422

V] PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Trace the historical origin and evolution of Public Interest Litigation (PIL) in India. How has the judiciary relaxed the traditional rule of *Locus Standi* to protect collective rights?
2. What are the core socio-legal objectives of Public Interest Litigation? Critically examine how PIL serves as a tool for judicial activism and social transformation.
3. Discuss the concept of Epistolary Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Courts. Under what circumstances can a postcard or letter be treated as a formal writ petition?
4. What are the guidelines issued by the Supreme Court to prevent the abuse of process in Public Interest Litigation (to curb "Publicity / Private Interest Litigation")?
5. Discuss the ratio, constitutional principles, and directions laid down by the Supreme Court in any two landmark PIL judgments concerning prison reform, environmental protection, or bonded labor.

ROLL NO. 121- 150

I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Critically evaluate A.V. Dicey's concept of the Rule of Law and its adaptation under the Indian Constitution.
2. Discuss how the Supreme Court has extended Article 14 to prevent administrative arbitrariness in the distribution of public largesse and government tenders.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *E. P. Royappa v. State of Tamil Nadu*, (1974) 4 SCC 3 | AIR 1974 SC 555
2. *Ramana Dayaram Shetty v. International Airport Authority of India*, (1979) 3 SCC 489 | AIR 1979 SC 1628

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define "Mortgage," "Mortgagor," "Mortgagee," and "Mortgage-debt" under Section 58. Discuss the purpose of creating a mortgage and explain the different kinds of mortgages recognized under the Act (with a focus on Simple Mortgage and Mortgage by Conditional Sale).



2. Discuss the Mortgagor's statutory right of Redemption (Section 60) and explain the rule against a "clog on redemption." Briefly explain the doctrines of Marshalling (Section 81) and Contribution (Section 82) in the context of mortgages.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Mohd. Ayoub Khan v. Aijaz Ahmad*, 2012 (3) JKJ 392
2. *Rajinder Kumar Garg v. Harbhajan Singh*, (2015) 222 DLT 424

III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the historical perspective of traditional Hindu inheritance systems. Explain how the devolution of interest in Mitakshara coparcenary property operates under Section 6 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 (in light of the 2005 Amendment).
2. What are the general rules of succession to the property of a Hindu male dying intestate under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956? Explain the order of succession and distribution of shares among Class I and Class II heirs.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Gurupad Khandappa Magdum v. Hirabai Khandappa Magdum*, (1978) 3 SCC 383 | AIR 1978 SC 1239
2. *V. Tulasamma v. Sesha Reddy*, (1977) 3 SCC 99 | AIR 1977 SC 1944

IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the legal position, statutory duties, and liabilities of a Director under the Companies Act, 2013. Write a note on the statutory requirements regarding the appointment of Women Directors and Independent Directors.
2. Explain the statutory procedure for the appointment and removal of Directors under the Companies Act, 2013. Under what specific circumstances does the office of a Director automatically vacate under the Act?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Sahara India Real Estate Corporation Ltd. v. Securities and Exchange Board of India*, (2013) 1 SCC 1 | AIR 2013 SC 2100
2. *JK (Bombay) Private Ltd. v. New Kaiser-I-Hind Spinning and Weaving Co. Ltd.*, AIR 1970 SC 1041 | (1969) 2 SCR 866

V] PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Write a comprehensive note on the concept, aims, and objectives of Para-Legal Services and Para-Legal Volunteers (PLVs) in the Indian criminal and civil justice system.
2. What are the essential qualifications, training requirements, and operational duties of a Para-Legal Volunteer (PLV) under the NALSA Scheme?
3. What is "Legal Awareness" and "Legal Literacy"? Discuss the practical methods and role of law schools and legal aid clinics in promoting legal awareness in marginalized communities.
4. Explain the statutory role and functions of Legal Aid Clinics established in law colleges, universities, and rural areas under NALSA guidelines.
5. Discuss the concept of "Community Lawyering" and the ethical responsibilities of an advocate while representing pro bono litigants.

ROLL NO. 151- 180

I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW



A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the evolution and applicability of the doctrine of Promissory Estoppel against the Government in public law.
2. Define the doctrine of Legitimate Expectation. How does it differ from a vested legal right in administrative decision-making?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Motilal Padampat Sugar Mills Co. Ltd. v. State of U.P.*, (1979) 2 SCC 409 | AIR 1979 SC 621
2. *Union of India v. Hindustan Development Corporation*, (1993) 3 SCC 499 | AIR 1994 SC 988

II) TOPA

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define "Charge" under Section 100 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. How is a charge created, and how does it legally differ from a mortgage?
2. Define "Lease" of immovable property under Section 105. Discuss the rights and liabilities of a lessor and lessee, and enumerate the various modes by which a lease is determined under Section 111.

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Prithi Nath Singh v. Present Owner of Kirtikar Law Library*, (2015) 11 SCC 451
2. *Rattan Singh v. Nirmal Gill*, (2020) 20 SCC 634

III) FAMILY LAW-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the statutory rules governing succession to the property of a Hindu female dying intestate under Section 15 and Section 16 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
2. What are the recognized statutory disqualifications relating to succession under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956? What is the effect of disqualification on the devolution of property?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Omprakash v. Radhacharan*, (2009) 15 SCC 66 | AIR 2009 SC 2598
2. *Vineeta Sharma v. Rakesh Sharma*, (2020) 9 SCC 1 | AIR 2020 SC 3717

IV) COMPANY LAW

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the mandatory composition, powers, and functions of Board Committees (specifically the Audit Committee and the Nomination & Remuneration Committee). What are the statutory restrictions and disclosure requirements for Related Party Transactions (RPT)?
2. Explain the principle of "Majority Rule and Minority Rights" (*Foss v. Harbottle*). What constitutes Oppression and Mismanagement under the Companies Act, 2013, and what remedial powers are vested in the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT)?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Foss v. Harbottle*, (1843) 2 Hare 461 | 67 ER 189
2. *Shanti Prasad Jain v. Kalinga Tubes Ltd.*, AIR 1965 SC 1535 | (1965) 2 SCR 720

V) PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Distinguish conceptually and procedurally between Negotiation, Mediation, Conciliation, and Arbitration as modes of Alternative Dispute Resolution.
2. What is Legal Counselling? Under what circumstances can pre-litigation counselling be most effective in matrimonial, commercial, and property disputes?



3. Explain the statutory scope and duty of the civil court under Section 89 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (read with Order X Rules 1A-1C) to refer parties to alternative dispute resolution.
4. Discuss the role of conciliation and counselling in family law disputes with specific reference to Order XXXII-A of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 and the *Family Courts Act, 1984*.
5. What are the essential communication, listening, and problem-solving skills required for an effective legal counsellor and mediator?

ROLL NO. 181- 210

I] ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the scope of judicial review over government contractual matters and explain the doctrine of Wednesbury Unreasonableness.
2. Examine the consequences of a failure of natural justice in service disciplinary proceedings. Can a subsequent appellate hearing cure a fatal procedural defect at the trial stage?

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Tata Cellular v. Union of India*, (1994) 6 SCC 651 | AIR 1996 SC 11
2. *Canara Bank v. V.K. Avasthy*, (2005) 6 SCC 321 | AIR 2005 SC 2090

II] TOPA

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What are the essential elements of a valid "Gift" under Section 122? Under what circumstances can a gift be suspended or revoked under Section 126? Briefly distinguish between a Gift and an Exchange (Section 118).
2. Define "Actionable Claim" under Section 3 of the Act, and explain how it is transferred under Section 130. Define "Easement" under the Indian Easements Act, 1882, and explain the various modes by which an easement can be acquired.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Korukonda Chalapathi Rao v. Korukonda Annapurna Sampath Kumar*, (2021) 11 SCC 641
2. *Narayan Deorao Javle v. Krishna & Ors.*, (2021) 13 SCC 508

III] FAMILY LAW-II

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the essential statutory conditions for a valid adoption under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956. Write a short note on inter-country adoption under CARA Rules.
2. Examine the provisions regarding the maintenance of a wife, children, and aged parents under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 read with The Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, 2007.

B] CASE LAWS

1. *Githa Hariharan v. Reserve Bank of India*, (1999) 2 SCC 228 | AIR 1999 SC 1140
2. *Brijendra Singh v. State of M.P.*, (2008) 13 SCC 161 | AIR 2008 SC 1058

IV] COMPANY LAW

A] ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the applicability, statutory framework, and permitted activities of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) under the Companies Act, 2013. What are the reporting requirements and penalties for non-compliance with mandatory CSR expenditure?
2. Define Corporate Governance and trace its historical evolution in India. Discuss the emerging significance of Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) compliance and reporting requirements for corporate entities.



B) CASE LAWS

1. *Needle Industries (India) Ltd. v. Needle Industries Newey (India) Holding Ltd.*, (1981) 3 SCC 333 | AIR 1981 SC 1298
2. *Tata Consultancy Services Ltd. v. Cyrus Investments Pvt. Ltd.*, (2021) 9 SCC 449

V) PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is the primary purpose and academic significance of writing a Critical Case Comment? How does a case comment differ from a standard judgment summary?
2. Explain the step-by-step methodology and structural framework for writing a scholarly Case Comment, including identifying the legal issue, holding, ratio decidendi, and critical analysis.
3. What is involved in editing a Law Journal? Discuss the editorial process, including peer-review verification, citation formatting, checking doctrinal accuracy, and proofreading.
4. Explain the distinction between *Ratio Decidendi* and *Obiter Dicta*. Why is isolating the *Ratio* critical when writing a law journal note or headnote?
5. Discuss the ethical considerations in academic legal writing and law journal editing, focusing on plagiarism prevention, citation integrity, and originality.

ROLL NO. 211- 240

I) ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Critically evaluate the tortious liability of the Government under Article 300 of the Constitution. Explain how the judicial distinction between "sovereign" and "non-sovereign" functions has evolved.
2. Discuss the salient features and importance of the Right to Information Act, 2005 or the Lokpal and Lokayukta Act, 2013 in ensuring administrative transparency and accountability.

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Kasturi Lal Ralia Ram Jain v. State of U.P.*, AIR 1965 SC 1039
2. *N. Nagendra Rao & Co. v. State of A.P.*, (1994) 6 SCC 205 | AIR 1994 SC 2663

II) TOPA

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the documents of which registration is compulsory under Section 17 of the Registration Act, 1908. What is the legal effect of non-registration of documents required to be registered under Section 49?
2. Discuss the statutory provisions relating to the liability of instruments to duty and the time of stamping instruments under the Maharashtra Stamp Act, 1958. Explain the procedure and legal significance of Adjudication (Sections 31–32C) and Impounding (Sections 33–46) of insufficiently stamped instruments.

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Malik Mohammad Shujaat Wali Khan v. Salim Jahan Begum*, AIR 1949 All 204
2. *Muthukaruppan Samban v. Muthu Samban*, ILR (1914) 38 Mad 1158

III) FAMILY LAW-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS



1. Who is a natural guardian under the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956? Discuss the powers of a natural guardian and explain why the "welfare of the child" is the paramount principle in custody matters.
2. Critically evaluate the constitutional mandate for a Uniform Civil Code under Article 44 of the Constitution of India. What are the major socio-legal impediments to its formulation, and what is meant by an "Optional Uniform Civil Code"?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Rajnesh v. Neha*, (2021) 2 SCC 324 | AIR 2021 SC 569
2. *Shayara Bano v. Union of India*, (2017) 9 SCC 1 | AIR 2017 SC 4609

IV) COMPANY LAW

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Define "Unpublished Price Sensitive Information" (UPSI), "Insider", and "Connected Person". What are the statutory prohibitions, safeguards, and penalties against Insider Trading under modern securities regulations?
2. What is meant by the Winding Up of a company? Discuss the statutory grounds and detailed procedure for winding up by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) under the Companies Act, 2013.

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Securities and Exchange Board of India v. Abhijit Rajan*, (2022) 11 SCC 64
2. *National Textile Workers' Union v. P.R. Ramakrishnan*, (1983) 1 SCC 228 | AIR 1983 SC 75

V) PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is Hardware and Software in a computer system? Explain the fundamental components of a computer system (Input, Output, CPU, and Memory) used in a legal office.
2. Explain the salient features and functions of an Operating System (such as Windows, macOS, or Linux) in computer operations.
3. What is the importance of File and Directory Management in a computer system? How should digital case files, pleadings, and research data be organized in a modern law office?
4. Discuss the practical application and importance of Computers and Information Technology in Legal Work, including drafting pleadings, e-filing, and electronic database research (such as SCC Online, Manupatra, or AIR).
5. What are the core functions of Law Office Management? How can digital tools, case management software, and electronic calendars improve administrative efficiency in legal practice?

ROLL NO. 241- 270



I) ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Explain the doctrine of Proportionality in administrative law. How has the Indian Supreme Court transitioned from Wednesbury unreasonableness to proportionality in fundamental rights adjudication?
2. What is the doctrine of Public Accountability? Discuss the personal liability of public officers for misfeasance in public office.

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Om Kumar v. Union of India*, (2001) 2 SCC 386 | AIR 2000 SC 3689
2. *Common Cause, A Registered Society v. Union of India*, (1999) 6 SCC 667 | AIR 1999 SC 2979

II) TOPA

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is the doctrine of Subrogation under Section 92 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882? Distinguish between legal subrogation and conventional subrogation.
2. Discuss the statutory provisions governing the determination of a lease by forfeiture under Section 111(g) read with Section 114 (relief against forfeiture for non-payment of rent).

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Ganeshi Lal v. Joti Pershad*, AIR 1953 SC 1 | [1953] SCR 243
2. *R.S. Amarnath Mehra & Co. v. Union of India*, (1993) 51 DLT 455

III) FAMILY LAW-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the constitutional and statutory framework governing the restitution of conjugal rights. Critically analyze whether Section 9 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 violates privacy and matrimonial autonomy under Article 21.
2. What are the statutory rules governing the distribution of property among Class II heirs and Agnates/Cognates under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Saroj Rani v. Sudarshan Kumar Chadha*, (1984) 4 SCC 90 | AIR 1984 SC 1562
2. *Arunachala Gounder v. Ponnusamy*, (2022) 11 SCC 520

IV) COMPANY LAW

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is a Scheme of Arrangement and Amalgamation under Sections 230–232 of the Companies Act, 2013? Discuss the statutory procedure and the supervisory role of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT).
2. Explain the statutory framework governing the prevention of oppression and mismanagement under Section 241 and Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2013. Who has the requisite standing to apply for relief?

B) CASE LAWS

1. *Miheer H. Mafatlal v. Mafatlal Industries Ltd.*, (1997) 1 SCC 579 | AIR 1997 SC 506
2. *Dale and Carrington Inv. P. Ltd. v. P.K. Prathapan*, (2005) 1 SCC 212 | AIR 2005 SC 1624

V) PRACTICAL TRAINING-II

A) ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. What is Professional Misconduct under Section 35 of the Advocates Act, 1961? Discuss the disciplinary jurisdiction and procedure of the State Bar Council.
2. Explain the statutory duty of an advocate towards the Court, towards the Client, and towards Opposing Counsel under the Bar Council of India Rules.
3. What is "Contempt of Court" under the Contempt of Courts Act, 1971? Distinguish between Civil Contempt and Criminal Contempt.
4. Discuss the essential rules of drafting civil pleadings (Plaint and Written Statement) under Order VI of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
5. What is the practical procedure and importance of conducting a Client Interview and Counselling session in clinical legal practice?

NOTE:

1) All the students are hereby informed to note the following details regarding the Internal Submission of **Assignment, case study and Practical Training -II** Students shall submit the assignment Offline mode in the college.



2) Students shall submit their assignment only in handwritten mode. Complete assignment Project will be accepted and examined.

3) Roll No are mentioned as per College Record. ATKT and repeater student should write same assignment as mentioned above to Roll Number 241 to 270.

4) The student should collect the assignment book from the college library. It should be submitted to the college in the given time with the signature of the all concerned professor.

5) Date of the submission of assignment **24th September 2026**, No late submission will be Examined separately.



Dr. D. A. Sawal
25/08/2026
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